

# GR-10Y002ZQ: Self-Protected 100V GaN with Integrated Driver

## Description

The GR-10Y002ZQ is a Gallium Nitride (GaN) FET with integrated driver. The device features a 100V rated GaN FET driven by an optimized high-frequency GaN FET driver. The GR-10Y002ZQ incorporates an high-side level shifter and bootstrap circuit. This integration allows GR-10Y002ZQ unit to form a half-bridge topology without the need for external level-shifting circuit. The driver and the GaN FET are mounted using Flip-chip bond packaging technology, resulting in minimized package parasitic elements.

## Key Specifications

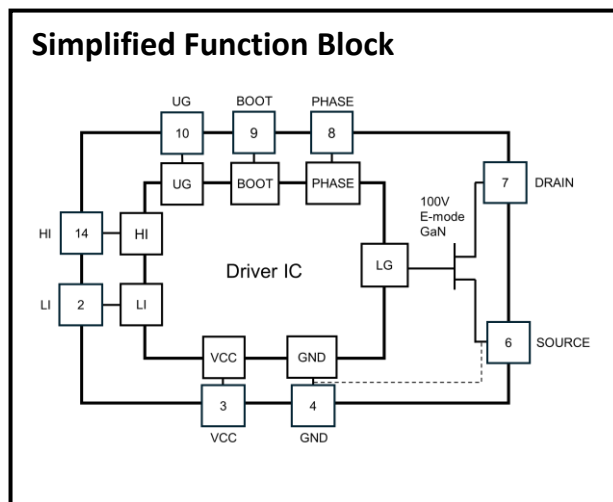
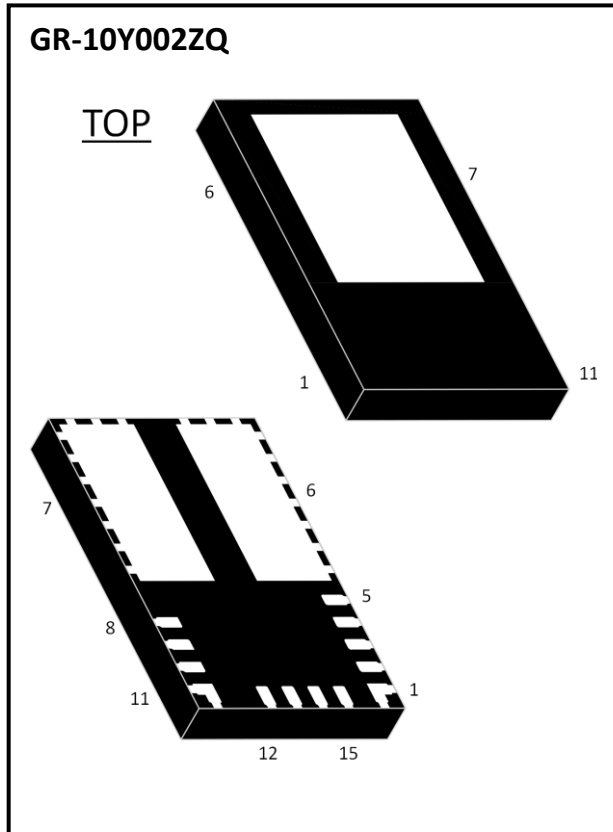
Part Number	GR-10Y002ZQ
V <sub>DSS</sub> , min.	100V
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> , typ.	1.8mΩ
Package	DFN-4.0x6.5x0.7

## Features

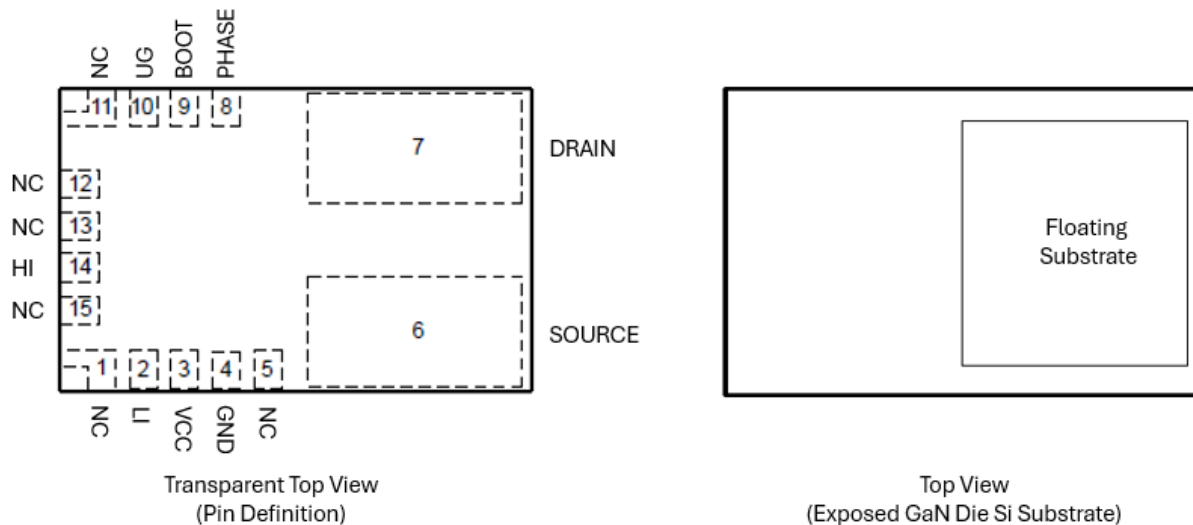
- Gate drive voltage compatibility
- High operating frequency
- Over temperature protection
- Short circuit protection
- 20 ns typical delay time

## Applications

- Switch Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- AC-DC/ DC-DC Converters
- Motor/Robot Drives

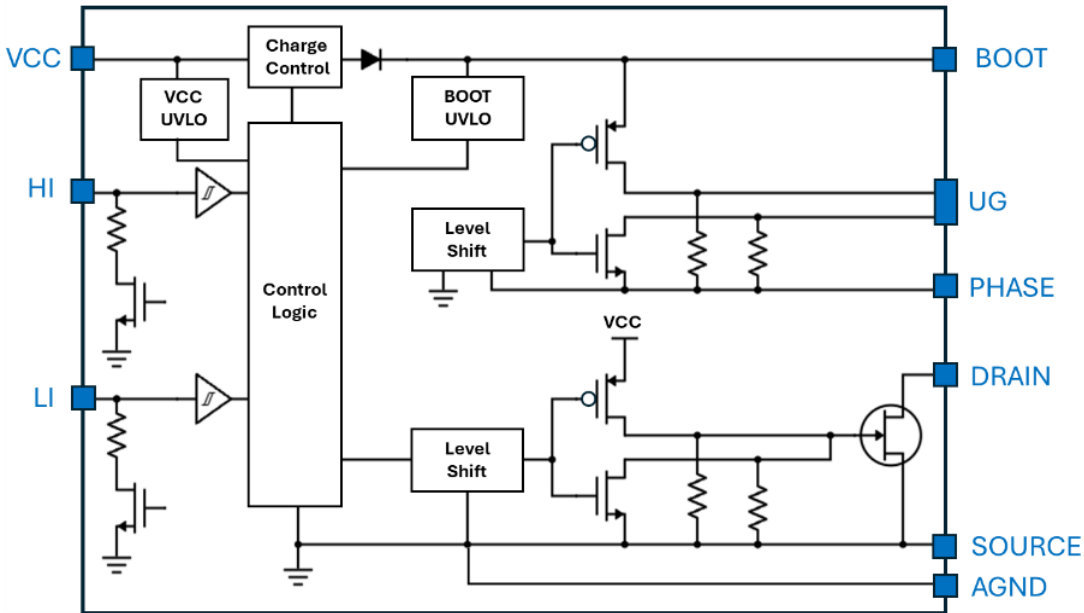


### 1- Pin Configuration and Description



Pin Name	Pin No.	I/O/P	Pin Function
NC	1, 5, 11-13, 15	-	Not connection. Do not connect to any circuit. It is recommended that these pins be left floating.
LI	2	I	Low-side driver PWM input.
VCC	3	P	Supply voltage for the IC. This pin provides bias voltage for the IC. Connect a 1uF capacitor between VCC to GND and place it as close to the pin as possible.
GND	4	G	Ground return.
SOURCE	6	P	Source of E-mode GaN FET. Internally connected to GND.
DRAIN	7	P	Drain of the E-mode GaN FET.
HS	8	P	<b>Switch Node.</b> Connect to the source of high-side FET and bootstrap capacitor terminal.
BOOT	9	P	<b>High-Side Gate Driver Bootstrap Rail.</b> The bootstrap capacitor provides the charge to turn on the high-side GaN FET. Connect a minimum 0.1uF capacitor $C_{BOOT}$ between BOOT to PHASE pin. The $C_{BOOT}$ must be placed as close to the BOOT and PHASE pins as possible.
UG	10	O	Level shifted high-side gate driver control output.
HI	14	I	High-Side Driver PWM Input.

### 2- Functional Block Diagram



### 3- Functional Description

#### 3.1 Overview

The GR-10Y002ZQ is a 100V Gallium Nitride (GaN) FETs with integrated both high-side and low-side driver, which is suitable in synchronous buck or half bridge configuration. This device supports the half-bridge / synchronous buck converter application with switch node voltage up to 100V DC or pulsed 120V, without an additional level shifter.

GR-10Y002ZQ is designed to have short propagation delay time and output rise/fall time, which makes this device suitable for fast switching application.

The use of GaN FETs drastically improves power conversion efficiency due to their zero reverse recovery loss and extremely low input capacitance (CISS) and output capacitance (COSS). Furthermore, the driver and the GaN FET are integrated into a package designed without bond wires, effectively minimizing parasitic inductance.

By integrating a more user-friendly interface, this device makes the superior performance of discrete GaN FETs more accessible. It is the perfect fit for applications demanding high frequency and high efficiency in a compact footprint. The GR-10Y002ZQ device is available in a 6.5mm x 4mm x 0.90mm lead-free package and can be easily mounted on PCBs.

### 3.2 Under Voltage Lockout (UVLO)

The GR-10Y002ZQ features internal UVLO circuitry to monitor both the VCC and BOOT-PHASE voltage separately. If the VCC voltage falls below its POR threshold, the device turns off all outputs and ignores both the HI and LI PWM inputs. If the VCC voltage is above its POR threshold VCCRTH while BOOT-PHASE is below its POR threshold VBOOTPURL, the device turns off only high-side FETs (UGH=Open, UGL=ON), but the LG responds per LI input and ignores HI PWM inputs. Only when the VCC voltage and BOOT-PHASE voltage are all above their POR threshold, the device drives the FETs per HI and LI PWM inputs.

### 3.3 Bootstrap Clamp

Due to the characteristics of enhancement mode GaN FETs, the source to drain voltage is usually higher than a diode forward voltage where the low-side GaN FET operates in body-diode mode. This will cause negative voltage on PHASE pin during the switching dead time. The source to drain voltage can be in the range of 1.5 V to 2.5 V. The device utilizes floating bootstrap technique to supply power to the high-side driver. The negative PHASE voltage can lead to an overcharging phenomenon to the bootstrap capacitor, causing higher voltage across the bootstrap capacitor. The overcharging of bootstrap capacitor causes an issue of the applied gate-to-source voltage exceeding its maximum rating and then damages the high-side GaN FET. Therefore, the uP1969 solves this issue with an internal switch to disconnect the bootstrap diode from VCC when low-side GaN FET is turned off.

### 4- Absolute Maximum Rating

Specification	MIN	MAX	Unit
Drain to Source		100	V
Drain to Source (5ms pulses at 150°C)		120	V
BOOT to AGND	-0.3	$V_{PHASE}+V_{CC}$	V
PHASE to AGND (DC)	-0.3	100	V
PHASE to AGND (<25ns)	-5	105	V
HI to AGND	-0.3	6.6	V
LI to AGND	-0.3	6.6	V
VCC to AGND	-0.3	6.6	V
BOOT to PHASE	-0.3	6.6	V
BOOT to PHASE (<25ns)	-0.3	7.0	V
IOUT, DRAIN/SOURCE pins (Continuous), $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		112	A
Junction Temperature, $T_J$	-40	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature, $T_S$	-40	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### 5- Specification

#### 5.1 Electrical Characteristics

( $V_{CC}=V_{BOOT}=5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{GND}=V_{PHASE}=0\text{V}$ ,  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
GaN FET on-resistance	$R_{DS(ON)}$	$LI=V_{CC}=5\text{V}$ , $HI=0\text{V}$ , $I(\text{DRAIN-SOURCE})=16\text{A}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		1.8	2.2	m $\Omega$
GaN 3rd quadrant conduction drop	$V_{SD}$	$I_{SD} = 500\text{ mA}$ , $V_{VCC} = 5\text{ V}$ , $HI = LI = 0\text{V}$		1.4		V
Leakage from DRAIN to SOURCE when the GaN FET is off	$I_{L-DRN-SRC}$	$\text{DRAIN} = 80\text{V}$ , $HI = LI = 0\text{V}$ , $V_{VCC} = 5\text{V}$ , $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$		1.5	30	$\mu\text{A}$
Output Capacitance of GaN FET	$C_{OSS}$	$V_{DS}=50\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ( $HI = LI = 0\text{V}$ )		720	960	pF
Output Capacitance of GaN FET – Energy, Related	$C_{OSS(ER)}$	$V_{DS}=0\text{ to }50\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ( $HI = LI = 0\text{V}$ )		770		pF
Output Capacitance of GaN FET – Time, Related	$C_{OSS(TR)}$	$V_{DS}=0\text{ to }50\text{V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ ( $HI = LI = 0\text{V}$ )		1025		nC
Total Gate Charge of GaN FET	$Q_G$	$V_{DS}=50\text{V}$ , $I_D=16\text{A}$ , $V_{GS}=5\text{V}$		13.6	15.7	nC
Gate to Drain Charge of GaN FET	$Q_{GD}$	$V_{DS}=50\text{V}$ , $I_D=16\text{A}$		0.9		nC

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
Gate to Source Charge of GaN FET	$Q_{GS}$	$V_{DS}=50V, I_D=16A$		5.3		nC
Output Charge	$Q_{OSS}$	$V_{DS}=50V, V_{GS}=0V$		52.7	64.5	nC
Source to Drain Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{RR}$	Not including internal driver bootstrap diode		0		nC
$V_{CC}$ Quiescent Current	$I_{CCQ}$	$LI=HI=0V, V_{CC}=5V$		120	200	$\mu A$
$V_{CC}$ Operating Current	$I_{CCO}$	$F_{SW}=500kHz, C_{LOAD}=0nF$		1.5	2.5	mA
BOOT Quiescent Current	$I_{BOOTQ}$	$LI=HI=0V, V_{CC}=5V, C_{LOAD}=0nF$		0.1	0.12	mA
BOOT to GND Leakage Current	$I_{QBOOTG}$	$HI=LI=0V, V_{PHASE}=V_{BOOT}=100V$		0.3		$\mu A$
BOOT Operating Current	$I_{HBO}$	$F_{SW}=500kHz, C_{LOAD}=0nF$		1.5	2.5	mA
Propagation delay: HI Rising	$t_{HIPLH}$	$LI=0V, V_{CC}=5V, HB-HS=5V, VIN=48V$		30	40	ns
Propagation delay: HI Falling	$t_{HIPHL}$	$LI=0V, V_{CC}=5V, HB-HS=5V, VIN=48V$		30	40	ns
Propagation delay: LI Rising	$t_{LPLH}$	$C_{LOAD}=1nF, LI$ rising to LG rising		30	40	ns
Propagation delay: LI Falling	$t_{LPHL}$	$C_{LOAD}=1nF, LI$ rising to LG		30	40	ns
Delay Matching: LI high & HI low	$t_{MON}$			1.5	6	ns
Delay Matching: LI low & HI high	$t_{MOFF}$			1.5	6	ns
High-Level Input Voltage Threshold	$V_{IH}$		2.3			V
Low-Level Input Voltage Threshold	$V_{IL}$				0.5	V
Input Voltage Hysteresis	$V_{IHYS}$			400		mV
Input pull down resistance	$R_{IN}$			200		k $\Omega$
Minimum Input Pulse Width That Changes the Output	$T_{PW}$			10		ns
Minimum Gate Output Pulse	$T_{GATE\_MIN}$			15		ns
$V_{CC}$ Rising edge threshold	$V_{CC}$	Rising	3.8	4	4.2	V
$V_{CC}$ UVLO threshold hysteresis	$V_{CC(hyst)}$			0.3		V
BOOT POR Rising Threshold	$V_{BOOTPORH}$	$V_{BOOT-PHASE}$ Rising edge	2.5	3.4	3.9	V
BOOT POR Falling Threshold	$V_{HBF}$	$V_{BOOT-PHASE}$ Falling edge	2.3	3.2	3.7	V
BOOT POR Threshold Hysteresis	$V_{HB(hyst)}$			0.2		V
Low-Current forward voltage	$V_{DL}$	$I_{VDD-HB}=100\mu A$		0.2	0.4	V
High current forward voltage	$V_{DH}$	$I_{VDD-HB}=100mA$		0.9	1.2	V
Dynamic Resistance	$R_D$	$I_{VCC-BOOT}=1mA$ to 100 mA		8.0		$\Omega$

Note 1: Guaranteed by design but not tested in production.

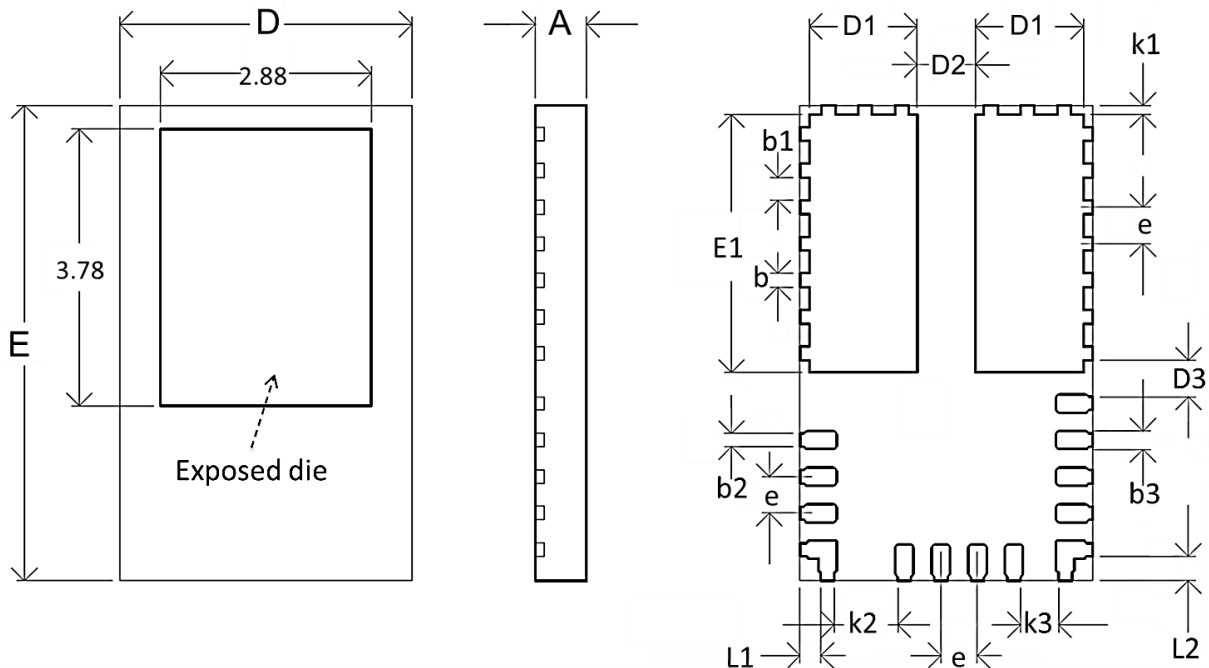
### 5.3 Thermal Information

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	22.0	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	0.34	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	2.6	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JC(Bot)}$	Junction-to-case (Bottom) thermal resistance	1.8	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

### 5.4 ESD Information

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
HBM	Human Body Model (IC PIN)	$\pm 500$	V
CDM	Charged Device Model (IC PIN)	$\pm 500$	V

### 6- Package Outline Dimension



SYMBOL	DIMENSION (MM)			SYMBOL	DIMENSION (IN MM)		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		MIN.	NOM.	MAX.
A	--	0.65	0.70	b2	0.08	0.18	0.28
D	3.90	4.00	4.10	b3	0.15	0.25	0.35
D1	1.375	1.475	1.575	e	0.40	0.50	0.60
D2	0.70	0.80	0.90	L1	0.185	0.285	0.385
D3	0.40	0.50	0.60	L2	0.135	0.235	0.335
E	6.40	6.50	6.60	k1	0.025	0.125	0.225
E1	3.425	3.525	3.625	k2	0.670	0.870	0.970
b	0.09	0.19	0.29	k3	0.420	0.520	0.620
b1	0.21	0.31	0.41				

## 7- Change Log

Version	Date	Description
01	March 18, 2026	Initial version

- **Note:** GaNrich semiconductor reserves the right to revise products and/or specifications without notice.